

THE INFLUENCE OF GLOBALIZATION ON TODAY'S INDONESIAN LANGUAGE

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Abstract

Language is a communication tool and a tool for conveying feelings, ideas and thoughts. Indonesian has two positions, namely as a national language and a state language. The existence of Indonesian as a national language in the field of science in the era of globalization needs to be paid attention to by society. The method used in this research is a qualitative descriptive method with library data sources. This research was conducted with the aim of finding out the influence of globalization on the use of Indonesian in society. The results of this research are the condition of the Indonesian language in the era of globalization. Along with technological developments, Indonesian can be replaced by other languages foreign. Challenge That appear when confronted on era of globalization, both internal and external factors.

Keywords : Language Indonesia, Globalization, Students

1. Introduction

Language is a tool communication And Work The same the most effective in communicating or interacting. Language is a means for thinking, that is, it is the initial source for humans to acquire knowledge and understand it, as a symbol of understanding. Language has enabled humans to understand things around them and has given them knowledge and expertise.

Language has an important role in everyday life in various domains of life. Indonesian itself has a role in conveying feelings and thoughts perfectly and completely to other people. It means, language is tool For convey something that comes to mind.

Indonesian formally has four positions, namely as a unified language, national language, state language and official language. After experiencing development more carry on, Language Indonesia succeed position itself as a cultural language and a language of science. These six positions have different functions, though in the practice can just appear in a way together in one event, or only one or two functions appear.

Language has certain functions that are used based on needs because language can express someone in conveying what they want to convey. In this case, the function of language is very diverse. Language can be used as a tool for communication, a tool for

integration and social adaptation in the environment and situations around it. Language is tool communication Which humans use both orally and in writing.

Globalization is an era in which time changes occur due to the influence of external or foreign cultures. Globalization affects all aspects of life, including language itself. Many foreign languages have entered Indonesia. Therefore, society, especially Indonesian society, must be stronger in defending its mother tongue.

The era of globalization is a challenge for the Indonesian people to maintain the Indonesian language so that its existence is maintained. Some Indonesian language users think trivial to Language Indonesia. By Because Therefore, maintaining the existence of the Indonesian language is an obligation for Indonesian people, especially students or parties related to educational institutions. Foreign languages used in education are actually only an introduction knowledge knowledge That Alone. It means, matter Which What must be pursued is knowledge, not the language so as not to be influenced by foreign languages, especially English, which could have bad consequences if you cannot filter it. This is a scientific need.

The aim of this research is to determine the role of Indonesian and foreign languages in the introduction of education (penghela knowledge knowledge). Besides That Also For know the position And function Language Indonesia as well as existence Indonesian in the era of globalization. Various challenges that attack the Indonesian language arise along with the development of science and technology.

2. Method

The method used in this research is a qualitative descriptive method with library data sources, namely with method collection data with method understand and study theories from various literature related to the research. In this research there are also many sources that can be used. Among several sources that researchers will use in this research are paper publications in national and international journals, reports, theses, and websites related to the journal title.

By using library research, the author can obtain information about the expected research techniques with method examine And compare library sources to obtain theoretical data. Next, in the data collection process, the researcher identifies data sources that can be used as objects of study in the research and continues by collecting data from various predetermined sources, both primary and secondary sources.

The data collection techniques used in library research include searching for journal articles published in the period 2000-2023 through internet searches. Therefore, data and source searches are accessed via Google Search and Google Scholar. Key words in the article search are: Indonesian, Globalization, Society, Impact, Influence.

3. Results and Discussion

Language Indonesia on Era of Globalization

Language is needed in daily activities for interaction And communicate with person other. Language can be said to be a tool to convey something that comes to the heart (Murti, 2015: 177). With language, it can make it easier for people to interact with each other interact or communicate with each other, in conveying ideas, opinions, stories of experiences, feelings, and even knowledge. Apart from interacting and communicating, language is an object that helps someone gain knowledge, information or other insights. Language has enabled humans to understand things around them and has given them knowledge and expertise.

Language has an important role in everyday life in various domains of life. Indonesian itself has a role in conveying feelings and thoughts perfectly and completely to other people. It means, language is tool For convey something that comes to mind.

Indonesian in its position as the national language and official language of the country has experienced quite a long journey. Official Indonesian since the signing of the Youth Pledge on October 28 1928 by Indonesian youth. In line with development, Language Indonesian was finally appointed as one of the other languages in the world, both foreign languages and regional languages. Therefore, these general characteristics and basic rules constitute the identity of the Indonesian language.

Globalization is a word used to symbolize a global reality that emphasizes the conceptual life of a new environment, which is characterized by information technology. Globalization can be understood as a force that exerts a number of standard pressures and makes demands on all levels of society (Javis 2007 in Chaterine Chua Siew Kheng and Richard B. Baldauf Jr, 2011: 971).

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Era globalization marked with torrential current communication that requires policy makers in the field of language to work more hard For perfect And improving all sectors related to language development issues. Even though the development of the Indonesian language is significant fast but in side other there is opportunity And The challenges to the Indonesian language are getting bigger too. The flow of globalization can cause deep social changes which at any time will manifest in social behavior, both positive social behavior and negative social behavior. Apart from that, the flow of globalization will also have an impact on the development and growth of language as a means of supporting the growth and development of culture, science and technology. New concepts and terms in the growth and development of science and technology (science and technology) will indirectly enrich the repertoire of the Indonesian language.

Indonesian is a cultural characteristic of the Indonesian people that can be relied upon amidst international interactions in the era of globalization. As a result of interactions between nations, the development of science and technology will influence vocabulary Language Indonesia. Lots term foreign Which will absorbed to in Language Indonesia.

Entry Language Foreign to Indonesia

Among Indonesian people, Indonesian is usually used as an element and also as a medium when communicating between fellow. However with exists The existence of foreign languages in this era of globalization has resulted in the decline of the existence of Indonesian among society.

The use of foreign languages is very widespread in everyday life among pupils and students. Like the words screenshot, drive true, telephone, refresh, and so on. The habit of using foreign languages is what makes foreign languages often used in everyday language among society.

If we look at the history of the Indonesian nation, the use of foreign languages has been widely used in educational learning since the Dutch colonial era. Where moment That descendants nobleman or circles indigenous elites attended elementary school under Dutch colonial rule. One of the lessons that is required in schools is learning foreign languages such as Dutch, Japanese and German .

On March 16 1995, the Minister of Home Affairs issued a letter regarding controlling the use of foreign languages in Indonesia. He instructed that there be signs for the business world And trading in Indonesia Which use foreign languages are converted into Indonesian.

However, as time goes by, learning foreign languages is no longer elitist or even something unusual. Everyone can easily study it. Even on children Kindergarten even have been given foreign language learning, such as English.

Along with emergence Language foreign in life in society and among students, there are many influences that foreign languages have on the development of the Indonesian language. Some of these influences have a positive impact and some have a negative impact.

The positive impact is that the Indonesian people can follow international developments smoothly and are able to compete with other countries. Meanwhile, the negative impact is that Indonesian language will little by little be replaced by foreign languages.

Therefore, if the use of foreign languages is not reduced or even monitored, it can be predicted that Indonesian will disappear and this will have a big impact on the cultures in Indonesia.

Foreign languages are always closely related to the term globalization. However, not all globalization has a good impact on society, so filtering or filtering of incoming culture is needed.

Usage Language Indonesia on The people

Between Language and public, is two pieces said that meet in one point, in that phenomenon occurs between languages And public is One unity Which intact and will never be separated.

Function Language as system symbol sound Which Arbitrary is used by members of society as a means of communication, interaction and self-identification. Language is integrated into the soul of the speaker in social life. Like a powerful weapon to influence society and social situations.

The traditional function of language is as a tool for interaction or communicate For convey ideas and thoughts, concepts or feelings in society. Using Indonesian, they can convey their feelings And his mind with perfect And complete to other people (Asappari, 2014). Indonesian people should be proud to have and use a language that can be used as a means of communication and interaction.

So it can be assumed that the relationship between language and its speakers in society is a sociolinguistic study. Speech is intended as a representation of language which is a cultural study with speaker Which domiciled as member from a community. Language contact that occurs over a long period of time will cause changes in the languages that come into contact with each other.

In this life it is not always the same but it is full of dynamics and change. In connection with The situation regarding bilingualism can change over a certain period of time (Momonto, 2018). These changes include status, pattern usage, And form Language, while in society there is rapid change with all its acceptance.

As Indonesians, we No always use Indonesian in communicating and interacting throughout public. Every area own Language each local, However with so No eliminating its identity language, namely Indonesian.

This shift is influenced by several factors, apart from language the area, like entry Language slang. In including for academic, professional and communication purposes in everyday life (Saddhono, 2018), therefore the enthusiasm for upholding the use of Indonesian must be increased, not to be inferior to foreigners.

Along walking time, development era The influence that slang has on Indonesian language in its use of grammar is increasingly visible (Prasasti, 2016). Language slang Which used by circles public wide will give rise to various possible negative impacts on development Language Indonesia in meaning identity of a nation.

The local community uses slang and is supported by the role of Indonesia's young generation who cannot be separated from the use of slang. This is where the younger generation tends to use slang rather than Indonesian. Generally emergence symptom shift a language begins from society bilingual And multilingual Because if given a choice of

languages they prefer to use a large language rather than a small language. This condition causes small languages to become minorities from large languages.

According to Amar (2004), the process of language shift is One incident history Because slow gradually Language mothers for this group of speakers will experience complete extinction. All language shifts begin with a decline in its basic functions which generally occurs over a long period of time and slowly over several generations. Theoretically, languages die because they are not used by the speakers, this may no longer be taught by parents to children. More society dominant choose Language Which assessed more prestigious and prestigious (Aron, 2003).

In the explanation above, the importance of mastery and language management is very necessary, because to avoid shift Which give rise to shrinkage to the extinction of the language. The language that is managed will be more existing and dominant in use. Therefore, residents prefer to preserve their first language.

Challenge Language Indonesia on Era of Globalization

The era of globalization is a challenge for the Indonesian people to defend themselves from cultural influences outside Which No in accordance with culture nation Indonesia. One thing that needs to be considered is the issue of Indonesian national identity, which is shown by language identity. Identity Language Indonesia that is Language Which nature simple, The grammar has a simple system, easy to learn, and not complicated.

As time progressed, the use of Indonesian in everyday life began to shift, replaced by the use of modern Indonesian or slang or replaced by foreign languages. The phenomenon of language maintenance and shift has actually existed since languages began to come into contact with foreign languages.

Language foreign considered own prestige Which more higher than Indonesian. This can be seen in the use of foreign words or terms which means not having pride in the Indonesian language and not looking for words or terms that come from Indonesian or from other languages. cognate (Mursidi, 2008). It means, public Indonesia believes that using a foreign language is superior to using Indonesian.

4. Conclusion

Globalization is era in where the change occurs a period due to influence from outside culture or foreign culture. One of them influential to Language in Indonesia, People are now learning foreign languages, including English, which has now become a global language. Apart from that, many people mix or change the language itself, which is not in accordance with existing linguistic rules.

As big as That impact globalization to Language, era Globalization is a challenge for the Indonesian people to maintain self from influences culture outside which is not in accordance with Indonesian culture. We are the people.

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